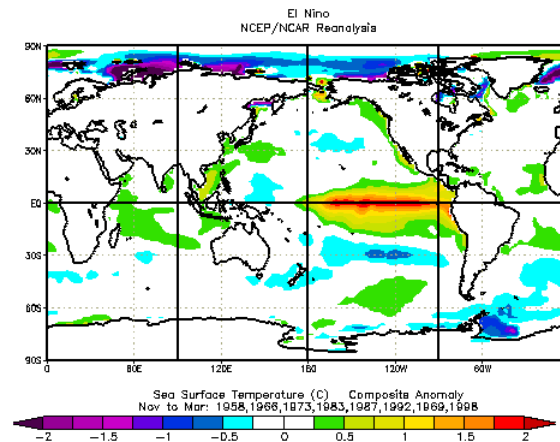
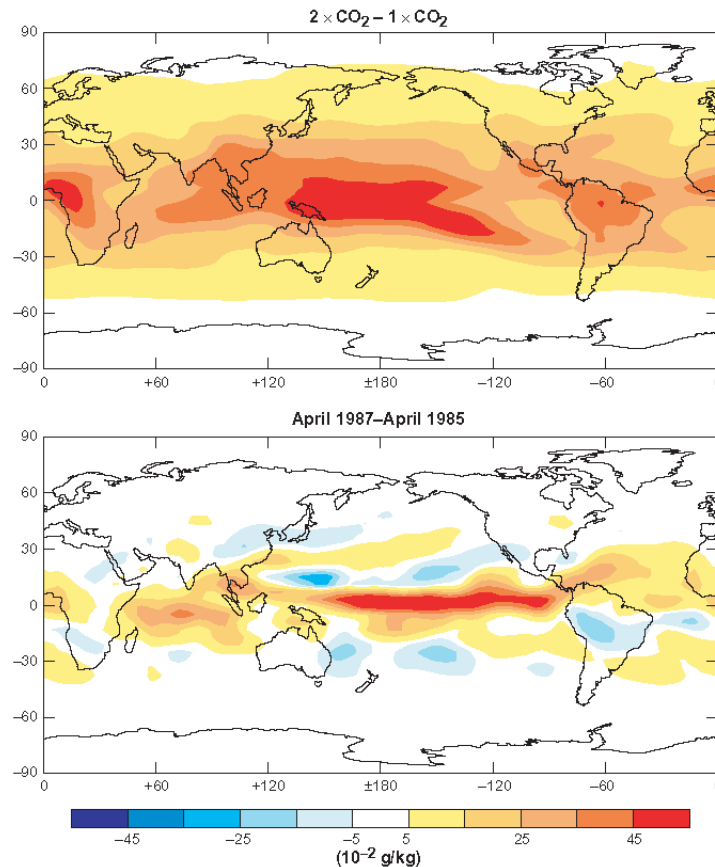


Why Can't GCMs Simulate ENSO?



Tony Del Genio, NASA/GISS

ENSO is not a good direct proxy for climate change...but it is a good observable test of GCM physics...

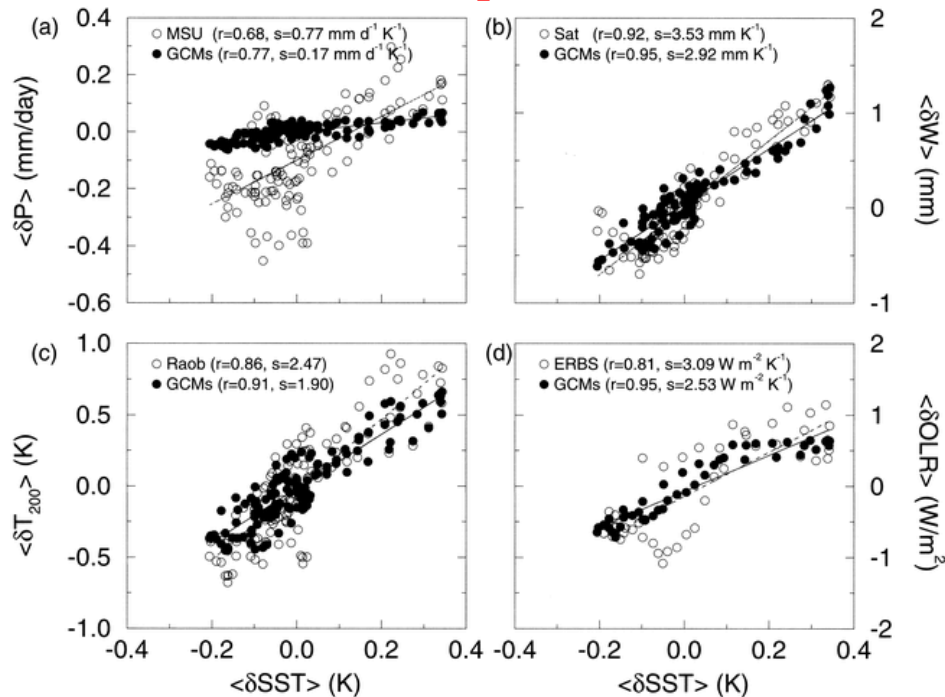


**Doubled CO_2
vs. ENSO UTH
Anomalies**

(Del Genio, 2002)

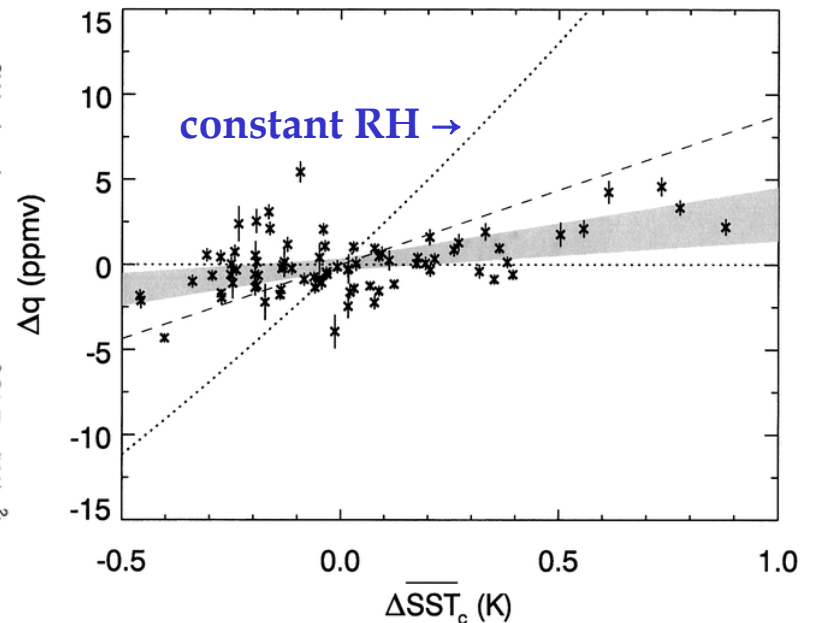
...and GCMs do not pass the test with flying colors

AMIP vs. observed composite ENSO anomalies



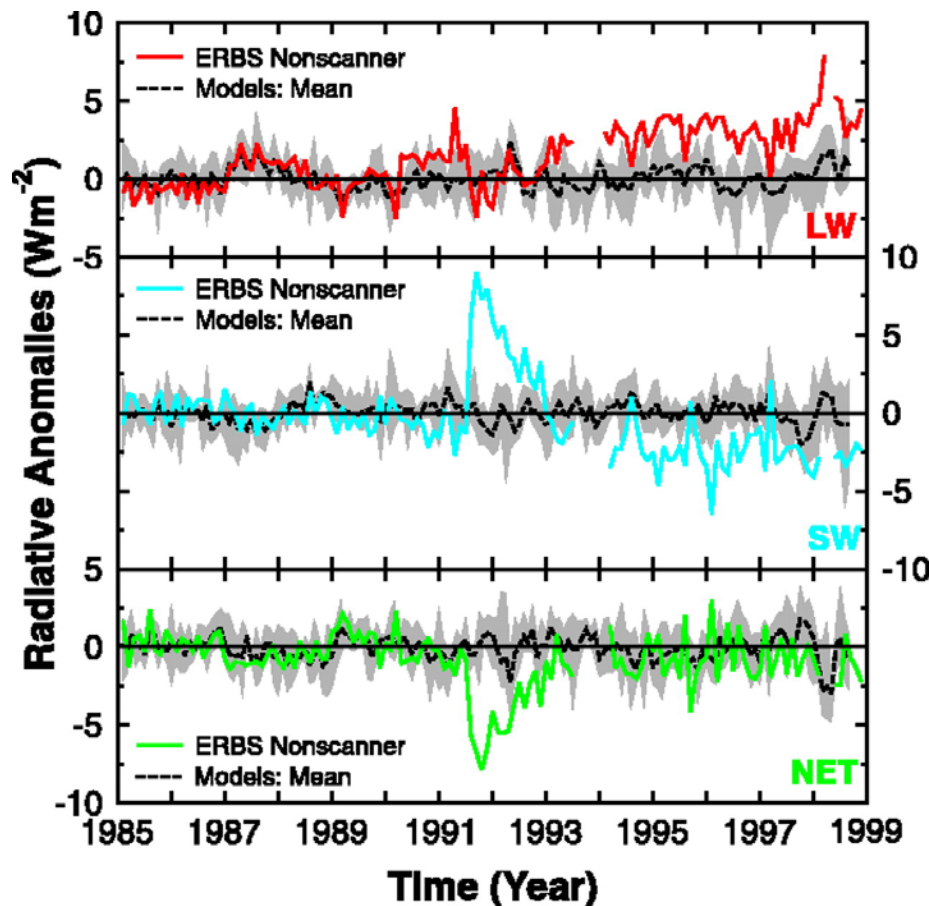
Soden (2000)

HALOE 215 mb q anomalies



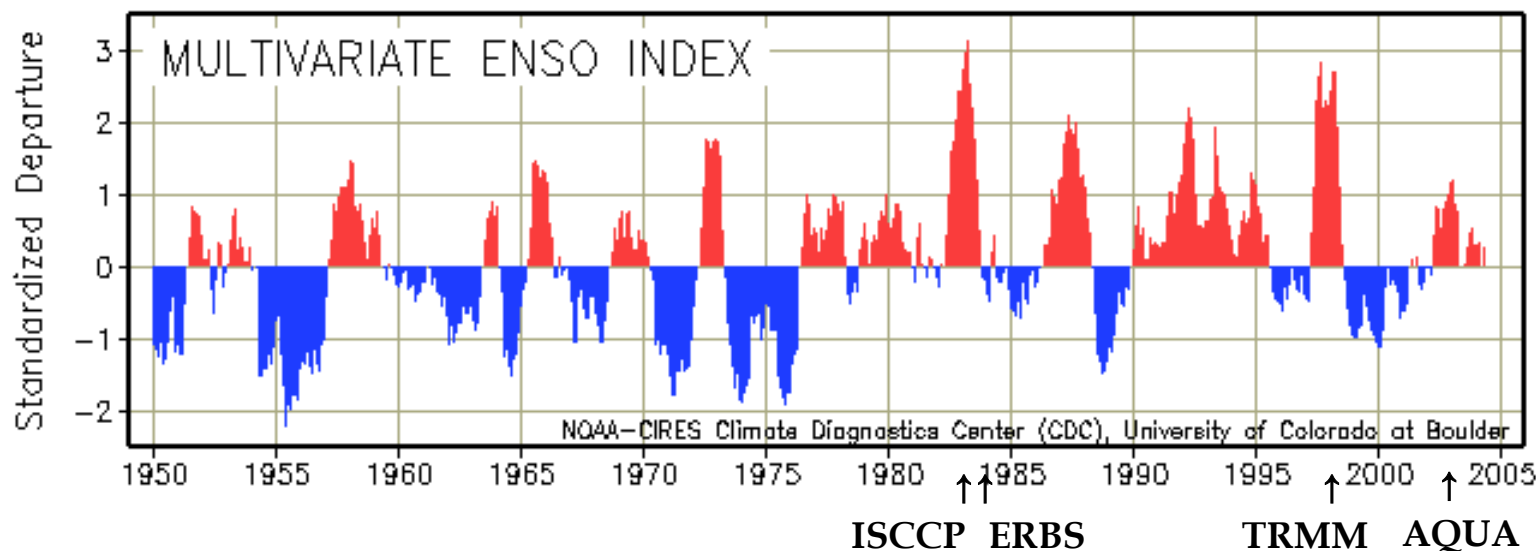
Minschwaner and Dessler (2004)

GCM variability appears to be sluggish on decadal time scales as well



Wielicki et al. (2002)

Murphy's Law, Corollary #6257: NASA always launches 6 months too late



Strategy: Focus on 2002-3 (moderate) and 1997-8 (strong) ENSOs using AMSR-E, TRMM and their overlap as constraints for GCM simulations at several resolutions

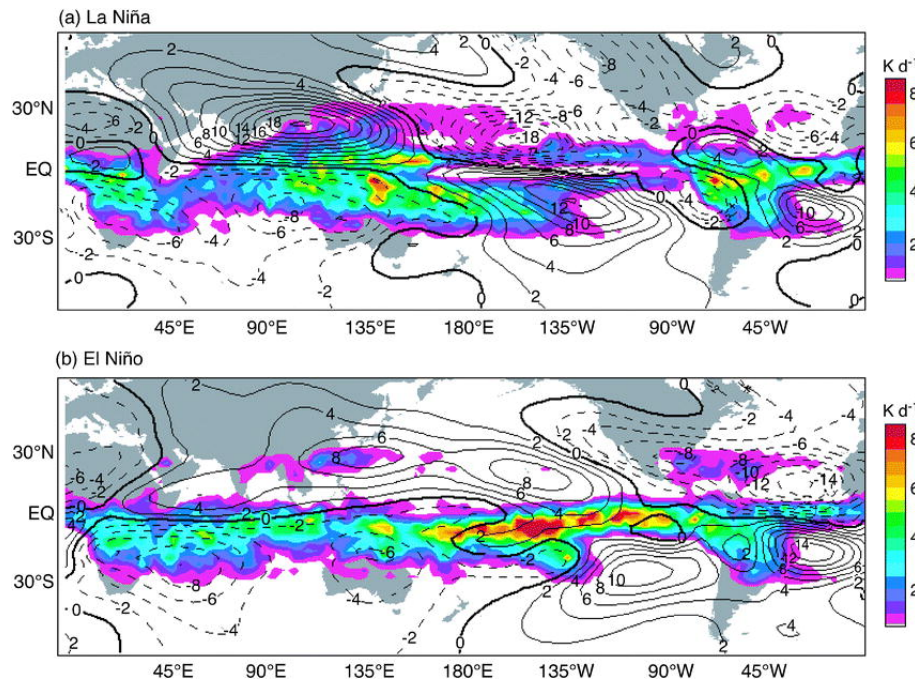
Possible sources of GCM errors

- **Precipitation anomalies (AMSR-E, TRMM)**
- **Latent heating profile anomalies (AMSR-E, TRMM)**
- **Radiative heating profile anomalies (TRMM, MODIS)**
- **Clear-sky water vapor problems (AMSR-E, AIRS)**
- **Marine stratocumulus anomalies (AMSR-E, MODIS)**
- **Circulation response to heating (ERA-40)**



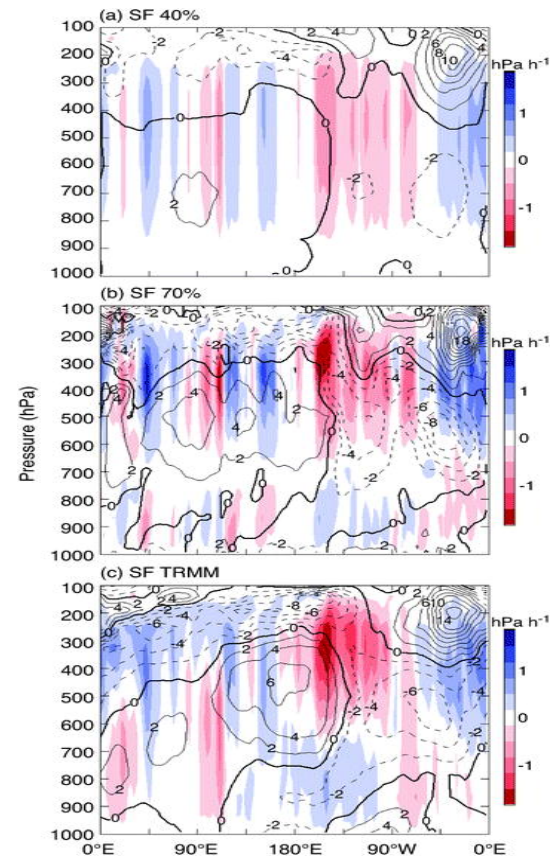
ENSO variation in Walker cell strength is sensitive to vertical heating profile

400 mb latent heating

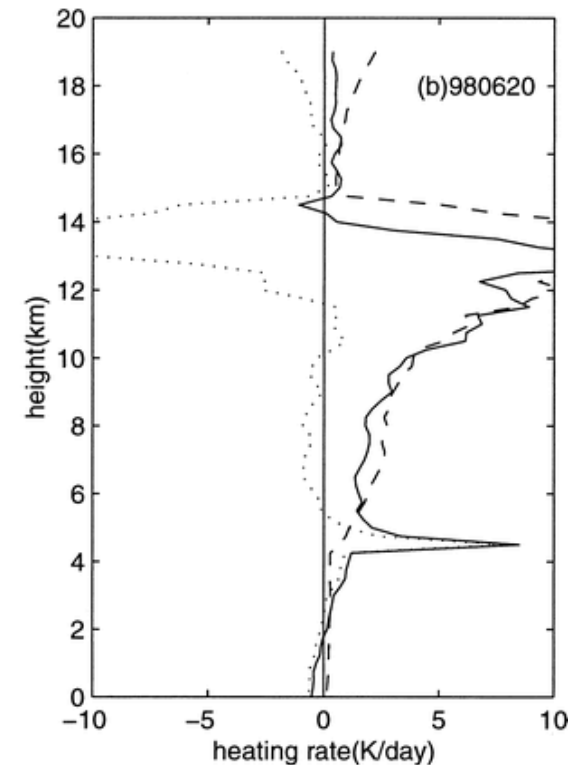
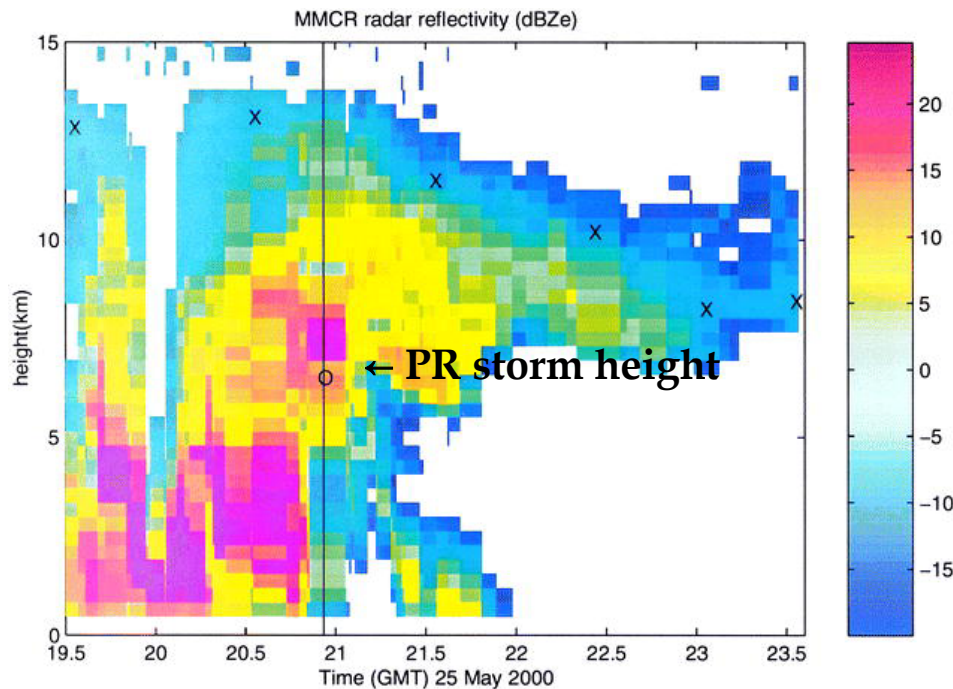


Schumacher et al. (2004)

Stratiform rain fraction influence on vertical velocity



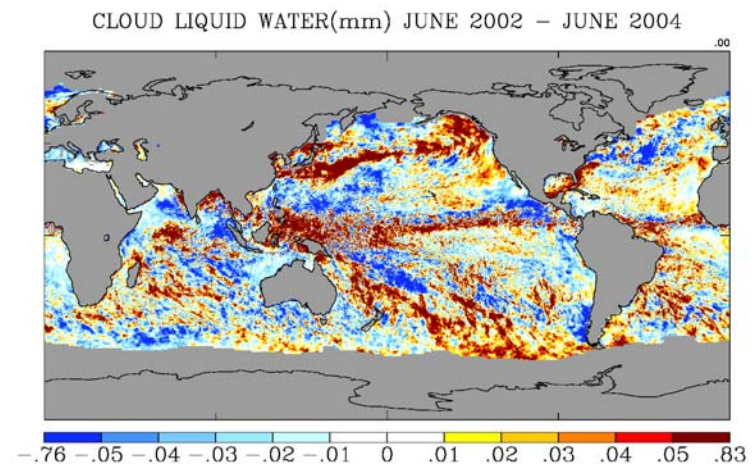
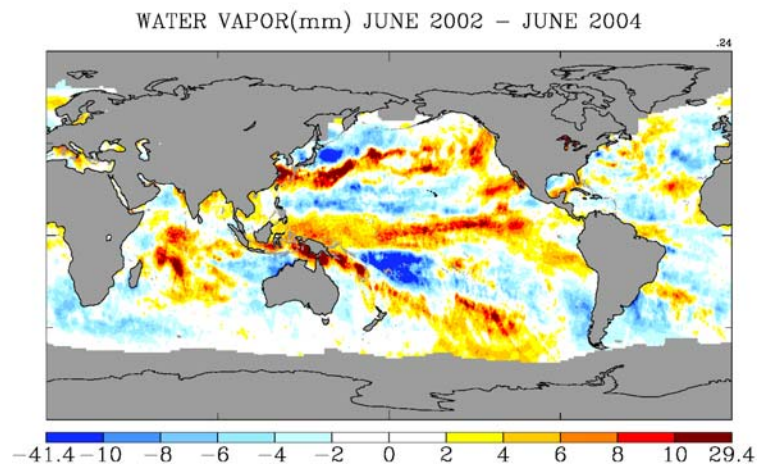
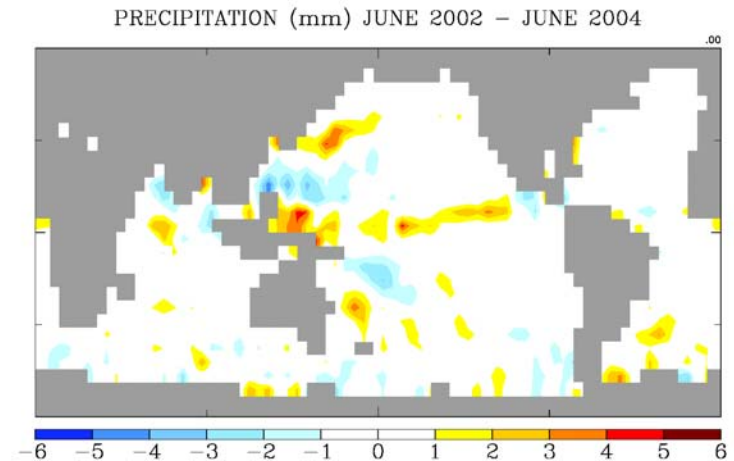
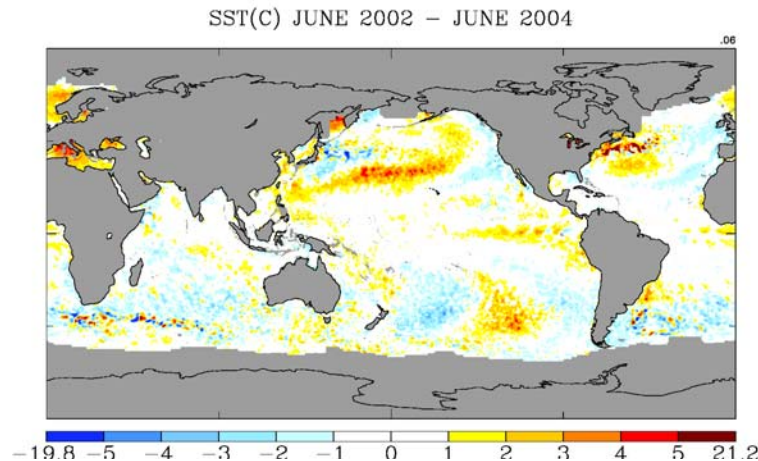
Anvil diabatic heating is non-negligible; has different profile from latent heating



Jensen and Del Genio (2003)

Identifying errors using AMSR-E gridded monthly mean ENSO anomalies

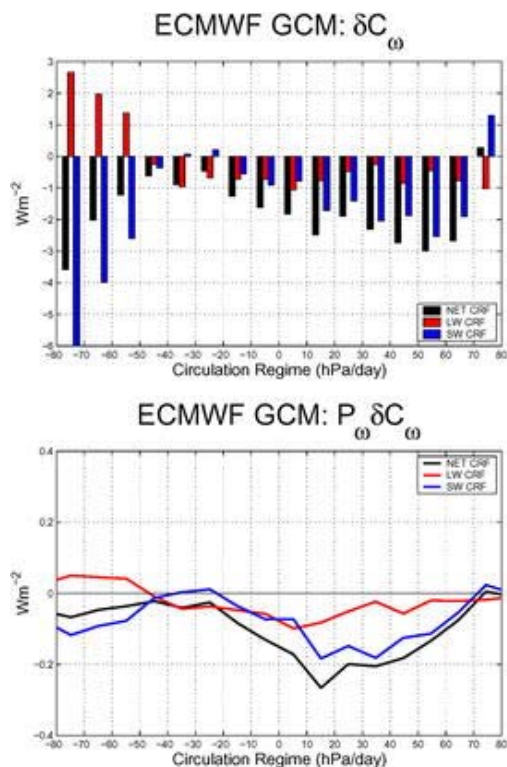
(OK, June 2004 is not ideal but it's the best you've processed so far)



From identifying errors to fixing them:

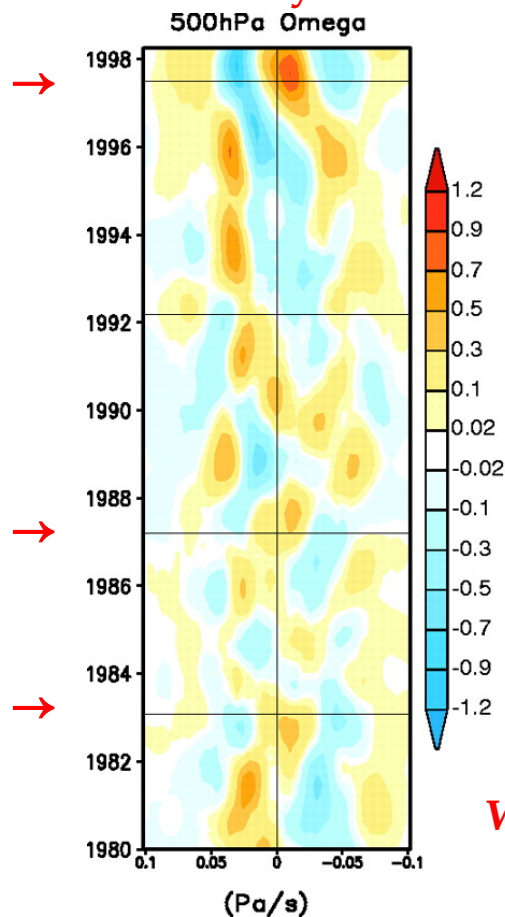
1. Parameter dependences

Regime-weighted climate change



Bony et al. (2004)

Vertical velocity Hovmöller



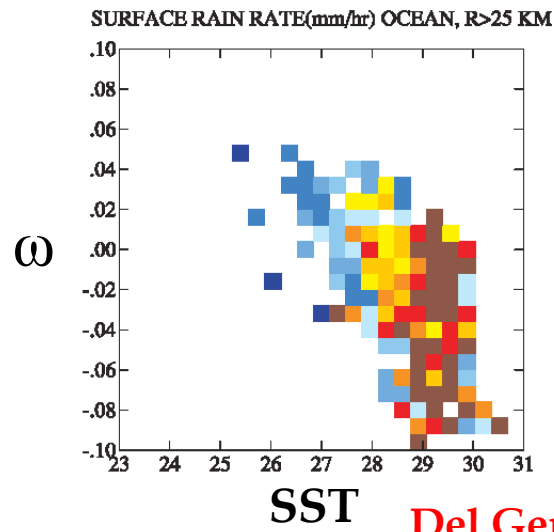
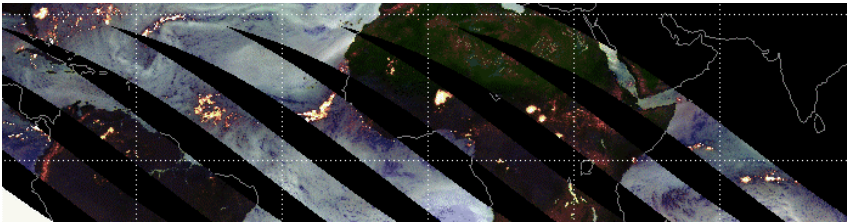
Wielicki et al. (2002)



From identifying errors to fixing them:

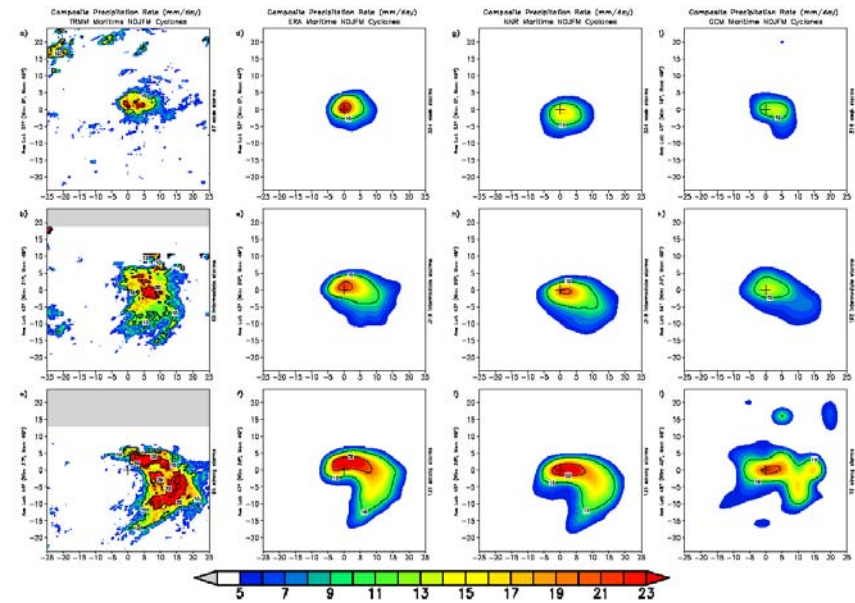
2. Cloud object statistics and composites

TRMM convective storm statistics



Del Genio and Kovari (2002)

TRMM vs. model composite midlatitude storms



Bauer and Del Genio (2004)